

GCU Learning and Student Experience Showcase,  
24/1/18

# Developing online practical activities and automated assessment for programming with Codio

Jim Paterson (SEBE)



# Practical assessments in programming

- Practical assignments involving programming are common in Computing and in an increasing range of other programmes
- Marks are typically awarded, at least partially, on the basis of the correct functioning of the program
- Testing student programs can be time-consuming, particularly when classes are large
- As a result it is difficult to give timely feedback to students

# Automated marking

- Automated marking involves the functioning of student's program being tested by another program which then calculates a correctness score
- Can often be done by writing test scripts and applying these to the student's code rather than running the code manually and observing the output
- There are some purpose-built systems and learning environments that integrate programming activities and marking of these
- These are not particularly widely used, systems often developed "in-house" or targeted at specific topics

# Motivations for using automated marking now

- Increased number of students
- Increased importance of online learning, e.g. for off-campus/transnational students
- System selected for evaluation, **Codio**, offers wide range of capabilities that are potentially useful:
  - Integrates programming activities, online content and learning management in browser-based application
  - Allows a range of assessment types, including programming assignments, to be set
  - Allows instructor to see student's work at any point "live" for support or assessment
  - Simplifies setting up programming environments for a wide range of scenarios

# Automated marking – expected benefits

- Complete uniformity in marking
- Immediate feedback during task and after submission
- Students can correct (and learn from!) their mistakes before mark is final
- Students know what mark to expect when they submit their work
- Fewer complaints about marks
- Students learn importance of testing against requirements
- Reduced effort in marking

## Automated marking – limitations/possible pitfalls

- Only assesses functioning of program, may want to manually mark other aspects (e.g. coding style, documentation of code)
- Students may try to “game” the tests (program to just pass the tests rather than fully solve the problem assigned)
- Can promote plagiarism
- Initial effort in creating assessments can be significant

# Progress

- Trialled with one module at ALC in Tri A 17/18
- Assessed lab activities a mix of “traditional” and Codio-based exercises
- Outcomes:
  - Students received immediate feedback on Codio assessments
  - Students enjoyed using Codio – communicated this through facilitators, SSCG and MEQ, e.g. from MEQ:  
*“the use of codio was a good experience that enabled step by step learning”*
  - Learning curve and time to translate from traditional task specs to Codio exercise with auto-marking was significant

# Example of an assessment task in Codio

The screenshot displays the Codio IDE interface. On the left, a code editor shows Java code for an assessment task. On the right, a task guide is visible, featuring a 'Check It!' button and a status box indicating successful test results.

```
AlgorithmTes... x
11 (unitsUsed <= 40){
9   bill = unitsUsed * 30.52;
10 }
11 else{
12   bill = (40*30.52) + ((unitsUsed-40)*14.76);
13 }
   return bill;
}

public int calculateFactorial (int number)
{
17 int mult = 1;
18 for (int i = 1; i<=number; i++)
19 {
20   mult = mult * i;
21 }
22 return mult;
23 }
24 }

public int [] reverseArray (int[] array)
25 {
26   int[] reverseArray = new int[array.length];
27   for (int i=0; i<array.length; i++) {
28     reverseArray[i] = array[array.length - 1 - i];
29   }
30   return reverseArray;
31 }
32 }

public double calculateCostWithShipping(double itemCost, boolean reducedShipping)
33 {
34   double totalCostWithShipping=0;
35   if(itemCost>100){
36     totalCostWithShipping = itemCost;
37   }
38   if((itemCost<100)&&reducedShipping==true){
39     totalCostWithShipping = itemCost + (itemCost*0.05);
40   }
41   if((itemCost<100)&& reducedShipping ==false){
42     double shippingCharge = 5.00;
43     totalCostWithShipping = itemCost + shippingCharge;
44   }
45   return totalCostWithShipping;
46 }
```

task guide

Test your algorithm

When you have completed your code for your reverseArray method, click the Check It button to run the test. The test will verify that the reverseArray method works correctly.

Testing with the following arrays:

- 1 2 3 4 5 (odd number of elements)
- 1 2 3 4 5 6 (even number of elements)

Check It!

LAST RUN on  
1/23/2018, 4:58:34 PM

Check 1 passed  
Check 2 passed

code editor

student can click *Check It!* to run test, can allow student to fix failed test and test again

screenshot shows instructor view of a specific student's work, after successful completion in this case but can view at any time

# Assessment results recorded in Codio

L7 Lab 7 - Algorithms ↓ Actions

Progress Settings

Students Grade Points (%) Graded Answered Time

Search students Any Status

Students	Grade	Points (%)	Graded	Answered	Time
✓  [Name]	50	50	2	2	1h 39 min
✓  [Name]	100	100	4	4	2h 16 min
✓  [Name]	75	75	4	4	3h 3 min
✓  [Name]	100	100	4	4	2h 6 min
✓  [Name]	100	100	4	4	1h 17 min
✓  [Name]	100	100	4	4	0h 23 min
✓  [Name]	100	100	4	4	3h 24 min
✓  [Name]	75	75	4	4	0h 11 min

points recorded for each test passed

manual override for final grade possible

Marks can be released to GCU Learn grade centre

# Conclusions

- Creating excellent online learning experiences requires the use of appropriate tools, e.g. for content delivery, assessment and feedback
- Codio promises to be a valuable tool specifically for learning programming and related topics
- Students have enjoyed the initial experience with it
- Need to invest in appropriate tools and the time to develop expertise in their use

Thank you.



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